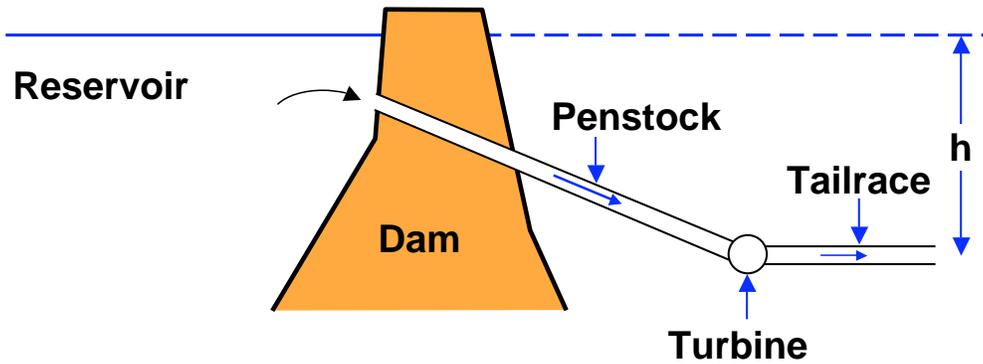


**Problem 205B**

The tailrace (discharge pipe) of a hydro-electric turbine installation is at an elevation,  $h$ , below the water level in the reservoir:



The frictional losses in the penstock (the pipe leading to the turbine) and the tailrace are represented by the loss coefficient,  $k$ , based on the mean velocity,  $U$ , in those pipes (which have the same cross-sectional area,  $A$ ). The flow discharges to atmospheric pressure at the exit from the tailrace. The water density is denoted by  $\rho$  and the acceleration due to gravity by  $g$ .

- (a) What is the drop in total head across the turbine?
- (b) What is the power developed by the turbine assuming that it is 90% efficient?
- (c) What is the optimum velocity,  $U$ , which will produce the maximum power output from the turbine assuming that  $h$ ,  $k$ ,  $A$ ,  $\rho$  and  $g$  are constant?