

### Solution to Problem 290B

If we assume a circular path, as the problem states, the lift force due to spin must be equal to the centripital force on the baseball.

$$\rho U \Gamma a = \frac{mU^2}{R}$$

With the given relationship for the circulation,  $\Gamma = 2\pi a^2 \omega$ , the radius of the ball's trajectory is:

$$R = \frac{mU}{2\pi a^3 \omega \rho} = \frac{(0.2)(40)}{(2\pi)(0.03)^3(200)(1)} = 235.8m$$

From the geometry:

$$\begin{aligned}(R - H)^2 + L^2 &= R^2 \\ \Rightarrow H &= R - \sqrt{R^2 - L^2} = 0.85m\end{aligned}$$